RAWHIDE BUTTES EAST QUADRANGLE,

HARTVILLE UPLIFT, GOSHEN AND NIOBRARA COUNTIES, WYOMING

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interlayers of gray granodiorite to tonalite. Unit interpreted as metamorphosed and deformed equivalent to the ~1.72-Ga Haystack

plagioclase-quartz metadiabase dike: granular amphibolite east of

in northeastern part of map area. Unit contains characteristic schorl, as well as garnet, biotite, and muscovite. Strike of lenses commonly cross cuts the strong schistosity (S₃), implying intrusion of pegmatites was

strongly foliated with gneissic fabric. Cut by ne-grained aplite dikes, especially in northernmost part of pluton. Pluton was deformed during deformations D₂ and D₃; it appears to occupy the core of an overturned F₃ anticline. U-Pb zircon age 2.65 Ga (Kevin Chamberlain, oral commun., 1997); uniform Sm/Nd ratios yield model ages ranging from 2.8 to 3.1 Ga; Rb-Sr whole-rock age 1.98 Ga. Primary age of unit is Late Archean (2.65 Ga); unit was derived from older (2.8—3.1 Ga) Archean crustal source. Early Proterozoic Rb-Sr age of 1.98 Ga represents

inequigranular granite; locally contains accessory sillimanite and muscovite. Predominately foliated granite but includes granite gneiss and gray tonalite. Rb-Sr whole-rock isochron age 2.66 Ga. At Little Rawhide Butte and Bald Butte, contains inclusions of metasedimentary

chlorite schist west of Hartville fault and medium-grained amphibolite east of Hartville fault. Protolith for unit was tholeiitic basalt that erupted in a subaqueous environment. Pillows are well developed in sec. 19, T. preserved locally from Muskrat Canyon to Wildcat Hills. Unit equivalent

Rawhide Buttes. Protolith was graywacke in predominantly massive beds. Map unit varies from older schist unit Ws₁ in that it lacks interlayers of metaquartzite and metacarbonate. Structurally and Exhalite Thin bed of interlayered hydrothermal chert, disseminated and

Metadolomite Primarily white to gray dolomitic marble, with lesser amounts of tremolitic dolomitic, calcitic, and chondritic marble. East of Hartville fault the unit lacks algal stromatolitic mounds and is a clean, white to light-gray marble. Archean granite intrudes unit in Bald Butte area. West of Hartville fault the unit contains planar stromatolites and algal stromatolitic mounds, is commonly light brown, and contains more interlayers of metamorphosed clay and sand. In the regional perspective, western part of unit interpreted to be near-shore facies, whereas eastern

commonly contains thin (1—5 m thick) interlayers of metadolomite and Metaconglomerate Quartz-pebble conglomerate interbedded with minor cherty iron-formation, slate, and ferruginous quartzite. Outcrops west of

Pelitic schist Muscovite schist containing biotite, garnet, and, locally, sillimanite. Protolith was pelitic sediments deposited coevally with adjacent carbonate and epiclastic metasedimentary units of Whalen

Metaquartzite Light-gray to brown, medium-grained, well-sorted metaquartzite interbedded in garnet-biotite schist unit Ws₁ in Flattop

Samples of granitic rocks from Hartville Uplift and vicinity

lo.	Locality	Description
A	SE¼NW¼ sec. 13, T. 30 N., R. 64 W.	Grayish-red, medium-grained, inequigranular, foliated granite.
Y ()	NW1/4NE1/4 sec. 26, T. 30 N., R. 64 W.	Pinkish-gray, fine- to medium- grained gneissic granite. Strong ductile deformation.
3	NW1/4NE1/4 sec. 26, T. 30 N., R. 64 W.	Pinkish-gray, fine- to medium- grained gneissic granite. Strong ductile deformation.
Α	NE ¹ / ₄ SE ¹ / ₄ sec. 1, T. 30 N., R. 64 W.	Pinkish-gray, medium-grained, inequigranular, foliated granite.
В	NE ¹ / ₄ SE ¹ / ₄ sec. 1, T. 30 N., R. 64 W.	Grayish-red, medium-grained, foliated granodiorite containing feldspar phenocrysts as much at 2 cm in diameter. Numerous ductile shears.
	NE ¹ / ₄ SE ¹ / ₄ sec. 1, T. 30 N., R. 64 W.	Grayish-red, medium-grained, inequigranular granite.
	NE ¹ / ₄ SE ¹ / ₄ sec. 31, T. 31 N., R. 63 W.	Pinkish-gray, medium-grained gneissic ganite. Strong rodding (ductile deformation). Protomylonite.
1	SW ¹ /4NW ¹ /4 sec. 31, T. 31 N., R. 63 W., (small, isolated knob).	Pinkish gray, medium-grained, inequigranular gneissic granite. Strong rodding. Protomylonite
	SW ¹ / ₄ SE ¹ / ₄ sec. 31, T. 31 N., R. 63 W., (quarry).	Grayish-red, medium-grained, inequigranular gneiss granite. Ductile shears. Protomylonite.
	NEL/NWI/ 200 22 T 21 N D 64 W	Gravish rad madium aroined

Bearing and plunge of symmetrical fold

Bearing and plunge of asymmetrical fold

Direction of tectonic transport as indicated by bearing of stretching lineation

Mine or prospect **Quartz** vein in fault zone

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